



Feeding guide



The BROODER period needs:

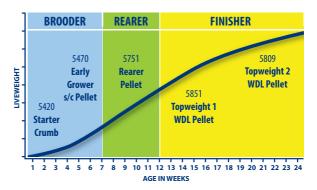
- Nutritional precision to ensure that the young turkey poult can satisfy its daily nutrient requirements without overburdening the immature digestive system.
- Palatable and digestible feeds supporting uninterrupted growth and influencing mature weight and conformation.

The REARER period needs:

- A diet that supports lean tissue growth.
- Sufficient energy to deposit intramuscular fat to deliver succulence of the finished product.

The FINISHER phase needs:

 Appropriate nutrition to optimise carcass conformation and deliver the finish expected for a premium product.



Product		kg per bird	Bags per 100 birds	Recommendation
Traditional Turkey Starter ACS	Crumb	0.75	3	0-3 weeks
Traditional Turkey Early Grower ACS	S/C Pellet	5	20	3-7 weeks
Traditional Turkey Rearer ACS	Pellet	7.5	30	7-12 weeks
Traditional Turkey Topweight 1	Pellet	7.5	As required	12-16 weeks, or 12 weeks to slaughter if less than 20 weeks
Traditional Turkey Topweight 2	Pellet	7.5	As required	16-20 weeks, or 12 weeks to slaughter if after 20 weeks

Brooder

Starter Crumbs ACS

P05420

A palatable and highly digestible starter crumb, carefully formulated to be sufficiently nutrient dense to support the necessary early growth rates, but not to overburden the immature digestive system with excess nutrients.

Supplementary feed enzymes help ensure optimal utilisation of nutrients and help prevent any antinutritional factors interfering with the natural digestive processes.

Typically fed from day old until around 3 weeks of age, this diet should be fed until such a time as the poults are sufficiently robust and willing to accept a pelleted feed.

While natural immunity is developed to ensure the bird is protected after medication is withdrawn, this diet contains a coccidiostat to help prevent any clinical disease symptoms. The cocciodiostat must not be fed to birds beyond 16 weeks of age.

Early Grower s/c Pellets ACS

P05470

Introduce poults to this diet once they are sufficiently robust and willing to consume a pellet and feed throughout the brooding period, typically until around 7 weeks of age.

Palatable and highly digestible, the early grower pellet is designed to support the development of the poult through the early growing period, aiming to deliver a bird robust enough to withstand a move to finishing accommodation if necessary.

Consistent with the starter diet, supplementary feed enzymes help ensure optimal utilisation of the nutrients provided and help prevent any anti-nutritional factors interfering with the natural digestive processes.

The diet contains a coccidiostat to help prevent any clinical disease symptoms, yet allows a managed challenge to the bird in order that long lasting immunity can develop to protect the bird once medication is withdrawn. The coccidiostat must not be fed to birds beyond 16 weeks of age.

* Declared analysis can change subject to mill of production. If you have any questions please contact your account manager.

Typical Declared Analysis*

Oil	4.5%
Protein	26%
Methionine	0.55%
Lysine	1.55%

Typical Declared Analysis*		
Oil	4.5%	
Protein	23%	
Methionine	0.5%	
Lysine	1.3%	



Rearer

Rearer Pellets ACS

P05751

Typically fed from around 7 weeks of age and often introduced to birds which have been transferred from brooding to finishing accommodation. The diet is designed to be fed through the period of greatest daily growth rate, when the foundations of bird confirmation are being established and the skeletal development is being finalised.

Typical Declared Analysis*

Oil	5.5%
Protein	19.5%
Methionine	0.35%
Lysine	1.0%

Consistent with the early grower diet, supplementary feed enzymes help ensure optimal utilisation of the nutrients provided and help prevent any anti-nutritional factors interfering with the natural digestive processes.

While natural immunity is developed to ensure the bird is protected after medication is withdrawn, this diet contains a coccidiostat to help prevent any clinical disease symptoms. The cocciodiostat must not be fed to birds beyond 16 weeks of age.



Finisher

Topweight 1 WDL Pellets

P05851

Typically introduced at 12 weeks of age for birds destined to be finished at up to twenty weeks of age, or as part of a phased feeding programme for birds finished beyond 20 weeks of age.

The diet is designed to support growth through the finishing period, where lean growth is predominantly for breast meat and where the correct balance of carbohydrate and fat is required to provide acceptable carcass finish.

Supplementary feed enzymes help ensure optimal utilisation of the nutrients provided and help prevent any anti-nutritional factors interfering with the natural digestive processes.

The diet is free from any medication and can be fed up until slaughter.

Topweight 2 WDL Pellets

P05809

Can be introduced from 12 weeks of age for birds destined to be finished at over 20 weeks of age, or as the latter part of a phased feeding programme. This diet is designed to support growth through the finishing period, where lean growth is predominantly for breast meat and where the correct balance of carbohydrate and fat is required to provide acceptable carcass finish.

Typical Declared Analysis*

Typical Declared Analysis

5.75%

16%

0.3%

0.7%

Oil

Protein

Lysine

Methionine

Oil	5.5%
Protein	15%
Methionine	0.25%
Lysine	0.6%

Supplementary feed enzymes help ensure optimal utilisation of the nutrients provided and help prevent any anti-nutritional factors interfering with the natural digestive processes.

The diet is free from any medication and can be fed up until slaughter.



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Nutritional innovation

The STIMMULATE concept

The foundation of STIMMULATE is all about doing the simple things well. The STIMMULATE concept supports the bird through life's challenges, by way of both management techniques and the application of any nutritional interventions which are believed to assist in immune function and general wellbeing.



Sound underlying nutrition forms the basis of the concept, but the diets are constantly evolving to apply the latest research and development. In addition, we review and assess the value of feed additives and try to predict which combinations of products or nutrients may deliver cost effective returns.

A breakdown of STIMMULATE

Vitamin E, Selenium and Omega 3

- Supports early skeletal development.
- Moderates the immune system when it responds to challenges which maintains a proportionate response by the bird.
- Reduces the associated growth depression that can occur.

Mannan Oligosaccharides (MOS) and essential oils

- Optimised in the early diets to prevent pathogens colonising in the intestine.
- Using these ingredients will support all levels of growth to deliver a more favourable outcome.

Betaine

- Provides a source of metabolic activity and protein accretion.
- Enhances intestinal function and health.

Dietary Vitamin D

- Helps ensure that the bird can maintain its vitamin status even if digestion is temporarily compromised.
- Delivers early growth and uniformity.
- Provides vitamin support to support healthy skeletal development.
- Helps to deliver a quality finished bird.

Supplementary Enzymes

- Ensure optimal utilisation of the nutrients provided and help prevent any anti-nutritional factors interfering with the natural digestive process.
- Help to produce drier droppings which Improves the litter and bedding by making it cleaner and drier leading to better insulation.
- Help maintain bird health.
- The finished bird will be cleaner and easier to pluck.

the TRADITIONAL TURKEYrange

For more information about **The Traditional Turkey Range** contact your account manager, specialist or our customer service department.

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